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KnowledgeandPracticesofNursesConcerning Surgical Site Infections: A Cross-Sectional Survey



Abstract

Background: Surgical site infections account for 20% to 25% of all healthcare-associated infections. Nurses has a crucial role in preventing infections. Knowledge of evidence-based guidelines regarding the infection prevention is necessary for quality care.

Aim: To establish the level of nurses' knowledge and practice and to examine the relationship between knowledge and practice regarding the prevention of surgical site infections.

Method: A descriptive cross-sectional study was conducted in a public hospital in Swat Pakistan. Data was collected from a convenient sample of 98 nurses using a validated questionnaire.

Result: Nurses had low levels of knowledge (M = 70%, SD = 8.53%) and high levels of practice (M = 89.95%, SD = 4.06%). There was a weak, negative correlation between knowledge and practice regarding prevention of SSI (r = -.16, p = .04). Therefore, nurses' knowledge and practice in some areas of infection prevention needs improvement.

Keywords: Knowledge, practice, nurse, surgical site infection; nursing

Publications

Lived Experiences of Male Nurse Educators: An Interpretive Phenomenological Inquiry



Hussan Zeb

Saidu Group of teaching hospital, Pakistan

Biography

Hussan Zeb has completed his MS in public Health from Quaid-i-Azam University, Islamabad. He is the RN at Saidu group of teaching hospital Swat, Pakistan. He has having five International publications.

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