

## Journal of Pharmaceutical Toxicology

## The Anti-inflammatory effects of the Jamaican species of *Cymbopogon citratus* (lemon grass) and *Croton linearis* (wild rosemary) plant extracts on carrageenan-induced inflammation

Inflammation occurs in response to injury and if left untreated can lead to several diseases including arthritis. In Jamaican folklore practice plant extracts have been traditionally used to treat inflammatory conditions including rheumatoid arthritis and asthma. This is the first preliminary scientific investigation of the anti-inflammatory effects of extracts from the Jamaican species of Croton linearis (wild rosemary) and Cymbopogan citratus (lemon grass) leaves on carrageenan-induced rat paw edema. The methods used involved testing of plant extracts on inflammation induced by carrageenan lambda on the rat paw model. 0.1ml of 1% Carrageenan lambda in saline solution (0.9%) was injected into the plantar region of the right hind paw of all groups to induce inflammation. Hexane extract (50mg/kg) of Croton linearis screened by BSA assay represents a sample inhibiting denaturation greater than 0%. Findings show that Croton linearis extract and aspirin (NSAID) shows comparable efficacy in reducing rat paw oedema (p<0.05)(n=18 Sprague  $Dawley \, rats). This \, extract \, might be \, blocking \, the \, COX \, enzymes, with \, emphasis \, on \, COX-2 \, actions \, inflammation.$ Lemon grass extract 400 mg/kg showed reduction in paw volume (p < 0.001), 200 mg/kg extract (p < 0.01), saline group showed no significance compared to aceclofenac group (p<0.05), n=24. In concluding extracts of both Wild rosemary and lemon grass showed comparable efficacy to aspirin and aceclofenac in reducing the inflammatory response induced by carrageenan lambda. This data indicates that the extracts of Jamaican species of our samples contain components with anti-inflammatory potential. We are hoping to assess if the extracts are arresting inflammation at the early stage where there is release of histamine, 5-hydroxytrptamine and bradykinin or in in the late phase where prostaglandins are detectable (Prakash et al., 2011). Further work needs to be done to assess for toxicity and to purify the extracts to ensure safety.

## **Publications**

Gossell-Williams M, Fletcher H, McFarlane-Anderson N, Jacob A, Patel J, Zeisel S. (2005). Dietary intake of choline and plasma choline concentrations in pregnant women in Jamaica. West Indian Med J. 54(6): 355-9.

Jacob AS, Simon O, Reese P and Singh P. (2007). Demonstration of antihistamine properties with AST-1, a bioactive extract from garden slugs (Diplosolenodes occidentalis). West Indian Med J. 56 (1):11-16.

Jacob, A.S, Simon OR, Wheatle D, Ruddock P, McCook K. (2014). Antihistamine Effect of a Pure Bioactive Compound Isolated from Slug (Diplosolenodes occidentalis) Material. West Indian Med J;63 (5): .401-7

Cameron C, Jacob AS, Thomas EA. Levy AS. (2015) Preliminary Investigations of the Anti-asthmatic Properties of the Aqueous Extract of Justicia pectoralis (Fresh cut) West Indian Med J; 64 (4): 320-4.

Williams K, Jacob AS, Levy SA.(2015) Investigation of the Anti-Inflammatory and Analgesic Effects of the Aqueous Extract Obtained from the Bark of Guiacum officinale (Lignum Vitae). West Indian Medical Journal. DOI: 10.7727/wimj .2015.089[Epub ahead of print]

K Reid, AS Jacob and AS Levy (2018). Investigation of the Anti-Inflammatory Potential of A Methanolic Extract of Ackee Leaf (Blighia Sapida) on Rheumatoid Arthritis (Complete Freund's Adjuvant (CFA) Model) and Acute Toxicity Profile. United Journal of Pharmacology and Toxicology;1(1): 1-6.



**Audrey Jacob** 

University of the West Indies, Jamaica

## Biography

Audrey Jacob is a lecturer in Pharmacology in the Department of Basic Medical Sciences. Faculty of Medical Sciences Kingston Jamaica. She holds a PhD in Pharmacology. Her main area of interest is to assess the effectiveness of herbal extracts on the airways and to identify primary secondary metabolites involved. Her research is geared towards the identification of receptor sites through which bioactive agents act by assessing actions of compounds via in vitro systems. Other areas of interest are associated with actions of plant derived compounds on inflammation and pain. She has presented at several conferences in her related areas. Her aim is to conduct thorough research and execute full toxicity studies to confirm safety for traditional use. She is hopeful that in the near future cell lines can be used in some of these studies to advance her investigations.



International Conference on Natural Products and Traditional Medicine. | Amsterdam, The Netherlands | July 13, 2020

**Citation:** Audrey Jacob, *The Anti-inflammatory effects of the Jamaican species of Cymbopogon citratus (lemon grass) and Croton linearis (wild rosemary) plant extracts on carrageenan-induced inflammation*, Natural Products 2020, International Conference on Natural Products and Traditional Medicine, Amsterdam, The Netherlands, Webinar, 13<sup>th</sup> July,2020, pp: 07