

# EUV- Induced plasmas in EUV lithography tools, Job Beckers



## Abstract

Today's newest photolithography tools operate using photons in the Extreme Ultra Violet (EUV) wavelength range and at low hydrogen gas pressures, typically 1-10 Pa. Everywhere in the machine where these highly energetic photons travel, a peculiar transient background plasma is induced. The formation of such plasma is the result of the partial photoionization of the background gas by the photons used. Additionally, the created free electrons have sufficient energy to continue the ionization of the background gas even further by means of electron impact ionization. The inevitable presence of EUV-induced plasmas in lithography tools may have significant impact on the EUV optics used in these systems in terms of contamination, cleaning and life-time issues. In this contribution we focus on our research efforts probing the dynamics of the two most dominant species in plasmas, i.e. electrons and positive ions. The electrons have extensively been probed using microwave radiation in the so-called Microwave Cavity Resonant Spectroscopy (MCRS) diagnostic. Our latest improvements with respect to MCRS enabled to monitor free electron dynamics in the plasma temporally resolved (~100 ns resolution) and with a high resolution (low detection limit of 10<sup>10</sup> m<sup>-3</sup>). Utilizing multiple resonant modes, this diagnostic can be used to spatially resolve the electron density profile and to act as a beam monitor for pointing stability and beam power. The fluxes and energy distributions of ions towards plasma-facing surfaces have been characterized temporally resolved using a Retarding Field Energy Analyzer (RFEA) and an Electrostatic Quadrupole Plasma analyzer (EQP). This contribution shows the current state-of-the-art knowledge level regarding EUV-induced plasmas as well as some latest results and our research plans for the future.

## Publications

1. Beckers, J., van de Ven, T.H.M. and Banine, V.Y. (2019). Time-resolved energy distribution functions for ions in the afterglow of a pulsed EUV-induced plasma in hydrogen, *Appl. Phys. Lett.* 115, 183502 (2019).
2. Beckers, J., van de Ven, T.H.M., van der Horst, R.M., Astakhov, D. and Banine, V.Y. (2019). EUV-induced plasma: a peculiar phenomenon of a modern lithographic technology, *Applied Sciences*, 9(14), [2827].
3. van Minderhout, B., Peijnenburg, T., Blom, P., Vogels, J.M., Kroesen, G.M.W. and Beckers, J. (2019). The charge of micro-particles in a low pressure spatial plasma afterglow, *J. Phys. D: Applied Physics*, 52 (2019) 32LT03 (6pp)
4. Beckers, J., van de Ven, T., de Meijere, C., van der Horst R., van Kampen, M. and V.Y. Banine (2019). Energy distribution functions for ions from pulsed EUV-induced plasmas in low pressure N<sub>2</sub>-diluted H<sub>2</sub> gas, *Applied Physics Letters*, 114 (3) 133502.
5. Beckers, J., van De Wetering, F.M.J.H., Platier, B., van Nijnhuijs, M.A.W., Brussaard, G.J.H., Banine, V.Y. and Luiten, O.J. (2019). Mapping electron dynamics in highly transient EUV photon-induced plasmas: A novel diagnostic approach using multi-mode microwave cavity resonance spectroscopy, *Journal of Physics D: Applied Physics*, 52, 3, 034004.

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## Biography

Job Beckers is an Assistant Professor within the Elementary Processes in Gas Discharges group at Eindhoven University of Technology (TU/e). His research focuses on discovering how nanometer- to micrometer-scale particles interact with plasmas on the most fundamental level.

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